## The Rise and Fall of the Mauryan Empire

324 BC-183 BC

pgs. 100-101

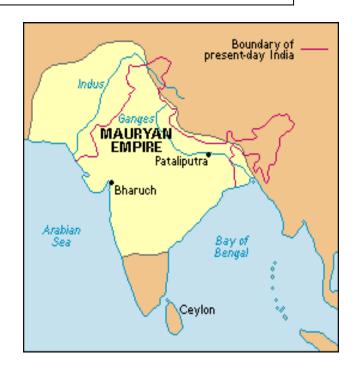
#### **Verbal Review:**

- 1. Explain how the Monsoons are the Lifeblood of the Subcontinent
- 2. Explain how Indus Valley Civilizations of Harappa and Mohenjo Daro created the Blueprint for Urban Planners
- 3. Explain how the Aryan Invaders came into India and developed the Caste System
- 4. Explain how Hindus are able to achieve Moksha
- 5. Explain how Buddhists are able to achieve Nirvana

The **Mauryan Dynasty** first gained power under **King Chandragupta** through the use of military force dominating rival **R**\_\_\_\_\_\_ or Leaders in his path. **King Chandragupta** not only untied the empire of Northern India, he created one of the most prosperous city-states of the time.





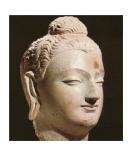


Capital City of	Mauryan <b>Government</b>	Economic Policies of the
Patalputra	Reforms	Mauryans

## Asoka the Would Be Philosopher King of the Mauryan Empire







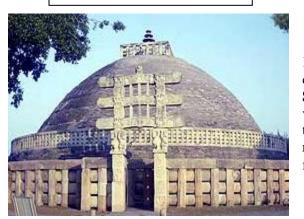
(Read/Highlight): Upon the death of his son (remember??) King Chandragupta's grandson Asoka would inherit the Mauryan throne ruling with an iron fist destroying those who would question his rule. According the Mauryan scribes in one year alone Asoka would kill 100,000 of his own people with his bare hands. Then something happened...which would change his life forever.

### **Enduring Issue: How Does C.D. Change a Society?**

(Minimum of 7 sentences 15 points)

Describe how the philosophical change in values helped Asoka lead his 'Children' into a Golden Age. Be sure to include the reforms on how he improved the empire.

#### **Ancient Buddhist Stupa**



Draw and label your own creation of a **Buddhist Stupa** including the aerial view. Be sure to explain the philosophical relevance of the shrine for the Buddhist people.

**Stupa Ariel View** 

pgs. 90-91 102-105



Rise and Fall of the Gupta Dynasty

320 AD -550 AD

Read: After the Fall of Asoka's Mauryan Empire the Subcontinent of India would experience a 200 year period of turmoil and upheaval. Eventually the descendants of King Chandragupta would bring back stability during the Pax Indiana leading to India's 1st True Golden Age. Upon Completing the Gupta Travel guide in class, write a story detailing your trip to the Gupta Empire describing the wonders of what you saw on your trip. Be sure to including examples from at least 4 categories including Astronomy, Art, Architecture, Literature, Math, Metalworking, Poetry, Roads, Science, & Sculpture (Minimum of 10 sentences 25 points)







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pgs. 35

## Pillars of Traditional Indian Lifestyle

#### **Review:**

- 1. Explain what the **Caste System** is and how it works.
- 2. List all of the rules that each caste forces its members to follow...
- 3. Who and what are the **Untouchables**? How do these people affect the life of Hindus?
- 4. Explain at least 3 of the advantages of using a Caste System in Indian Society.







#### **Keys to Traditional Families in India**

- a. The **basic family unit** in India was known as \_\_\_\_\_ which included.....
- b. The father of the family or the **Eldest Male** of the household was considered to be in charge of the family. Tracing one's **lineage** through the **father's family** is known as\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Tracing one's **lineage** through the Mother's family is known as
- c. Children were required to obey what their family wished and all Caste Rules associated with their Caste. Therefore, Family Interests were expected to take priority over Interests.

## Women's Rights in Ancient India

List 3 Characteristics or Rules that **Woman** were forced to obey in India.

- 1) Marriages were Arranged by the Family
- 2)
- 3)

Who are the *Virtuous Women* of India who commit the **Act of Suttee**? 'Rahm-Rahm'

Describe the following human right violations found in India today....

Dowry Deaths & Infanticide

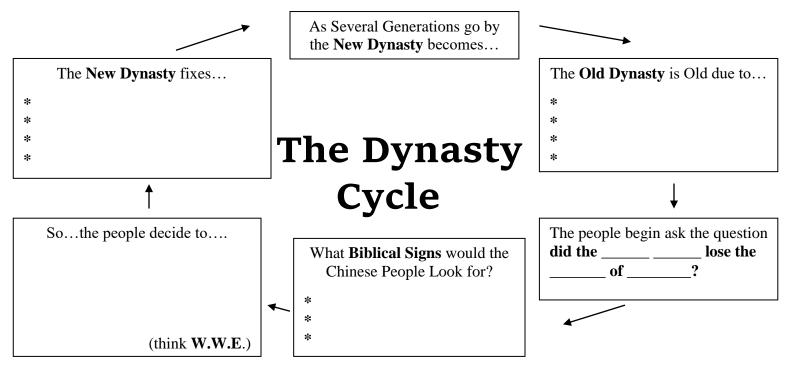
## **CHINA: From the Shang Dynasty to the Zhou Dynasty**

1045-256 BC Dynasty # \_\_\_\_

#### Verbal Review:

- 1. Explain how the Geography of China affects the people. Be sure to include the ideas of Cultural Evolution, Ethnocentrism, Middle Kingdom, and River of Sorrows.
- 2. Describe the rule of the Shang Dynasty including Advances, Government, Religion, and Writing Systems.

**READ:** To justify the rebellion against the **Shang** ruling family, members of the **Zhou** family promoted the idea of the **'Mandate of Heaven'** based on the concept that **Shang Di** chose them to rule (in other cultures this concept is known as **Divine Right**) due to the weakness of the current Government.



**Big Picture:** In your own words (min 3 sentences) Analyze how the Dynasty Cycle will affect the development (+ / -) of China for the next 3000 years.

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"Unit III: Classical Civilizations"

Mr. Meetze GH9

### Review: The Big 3 Schools of Chinese Philosophical Thought

Philosophy	Confucianism	Legalism	Daoism / Taoism
Beliefs	5 Key Relationships Filial Piety	Man is naturally Evil Strict Laws	Live in Harmony with Nature Simple Life
Goal	Law, Order, Peace	Law, Order Peace	Follow the Way of Virtue

## The 3<sup>rd</sup> Chinese Ruling Family: The "Qin (Chin) Dynasty"

221-210 BC Dynasty # \_\_\_

pgs. 114-117

pgs. 110-113

- 1) Who is **Qin Shi Huang**? How and Why does he transform into **Shi Huangdi**?
- 2) Identify at least 6-8 reforms of **Shi Huangdi** made within China.

3) Using 2 Examples identify the philosophy that **Shi Huangdi** practices.

### **Enduring Issue: How does Power Influence Society?**

(Minimum of 7 sentences 15 points)

Describe how the Shi Huandi's was able to unify the Qin Dynasty to. Be sure to detail how his Burial Site, the Great Wall, Philosophy, and Reforms radically changed the society of China (+ / -) during his reign.





# The 4<sup>th</sup> Chinese Ruling Family: The "Han Dynasty" 202BC -220 AD Dynasty #\_\_\_

**Read:** In response to the harsh **Qin** Legalist Laws, the leaders of the **Han dynasty** changed the philosophy from **Legalism** to that of . **Han Emperor Wudi** would begin to strengthen both the **Economy** and **Government** by... (Choose 5)



pgs. 118-121

## China's 1st Golden Age: The Han Dynasty



The **Han Dynasty** was also responsible for the Development of using the 'Civil Service Exam' with Government Employees. Explain the entire Chinese process, potential advantages, and if the Civil Service Exam is still used today.



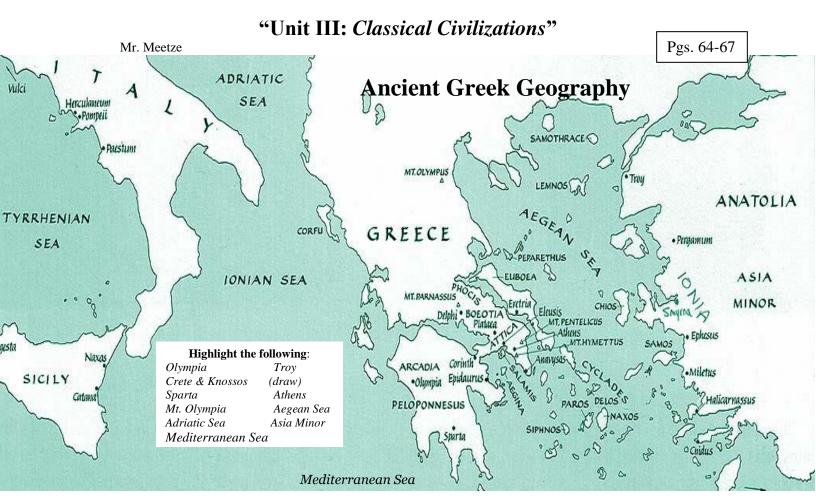
For Each Category Draw 2 Contributions to **Western Civilization** created during the **Han Dynasty** (total of 8)



Medicine







**Impact of Geography on Greece** 

How do the Mountains, Valleys, & Seas impact the development of the Greek Culture?

## Pre Greek History: The Minoan & Mycenae Civilizations

(READ/ Highlight) The Island of Crete located in the Aegean Sea is home to the earliest form of Greek culture in the ancient world. Between 1800-800 BC both Minoan & the later Mycenae sea trading cultures would begin to shape and dominate the Mediterranean shipping lanes and develop a strong willed people who wouldn't back down no matter the threat. Under the rule of mythical King Minos (check out Greek Mythology for the full story) the Minoans would create a Golden Age of fresco art, women's rights, and the extraordinary luxury palace at Knossos until untimely natural disasters decimated the once great civilization. (Hmmm...Very similar to the Indus Valley civilization)

Over time a new sea trading people the **Mycenae** who derived from both Mesopotamian and Egyptian cultures would begin to dominate the Aegean Sea. Upon conquering mainland Greece, the Mycenae <u>formed individual decentralized walled city states</u> under the <u>rule of warrior kings</u> while maintaining great works of both art and writing. During this time period an epic conflict would begin with world wide ramifications known as the **Trojan War**.

#### **Biography: The Dark Age Epic Poet Homer**

**Review:** What are Epic Poems? Designed to do for the Reader?

**2003** 

"The gods envy us. They

envy us because we're

mortal, because any

moment may be our last.

Everything is more

beautiful because we're

doomed. You will never be

lovelier than you are now.

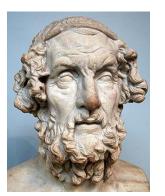
We will never be here

again.

-Homer's Iliad

8003

**Terms: Hubris & Arête** 



#### **SOCR**

"Come, weave us a scheme so I can pay them back! Stand beside me, Athena. fire me with daring, fierce as the day we ripped Troy's glittering crown of towers down.

Stand by me - furious now as then, my bright-eyed one and I would fight three hundred men, great goddess. with you to brace me, comrade-in-arms in battle! -Homer's Odvssev



## **Enduring Issue: Confect the 'So-Called' Trojan War**

How Does Conflict Impact Culture, Power, and Trade?

(Minimum of 7 sentences 15 points)

1250 BCE: The 1st World War in Human History. On one side; the Greeks. (Kings Menelaus, King Agamemnon, Helen, Achilles) On the other; the Trojans. (Prince Hector, Prince Paris) Was the greatest war in the ancient world in fact caused by Love (Romantic Causes) or Money (Economic Causes)? Discuss the causes, the results, and how the epic poems of Homer have immortalized the conflict for generations to come.

## **The Polis: Center of Greek Life**

Pgs. 68-72

( <b>Read</b> ) By 75	OBC the Greeks evolved a ur	nique version of the city sta	ate known as a
Polis. Built or	2 levels the hilltop portion	known as the	was dedicated
	nile the lower portion the		
_	city state or Pw		
	their own values.		
1 0			
	Can you describe the follo	owing types of Government	ts?
Monarchy	Aristocracy	Oligarchy	Democracy
·	·	•	•
TO TO	(A) A NT 40		0.753 4 3

The Big '2': A Nation of Soldiers versus a Nation of Thinkers

Vs.

Sparta

		Atnens
Educational	Plant where we will see the state of the sta	
System		
<b>Economy based</b>		
on		
Government		
Туре		
Guiding Values of the Society		
Cultural Lifestyle & Daily Life		
Name of Alliance System	Peloponnesian League	Delian League
Religious Beliefs? Types of Gods		
View of Non-Greeks?		•

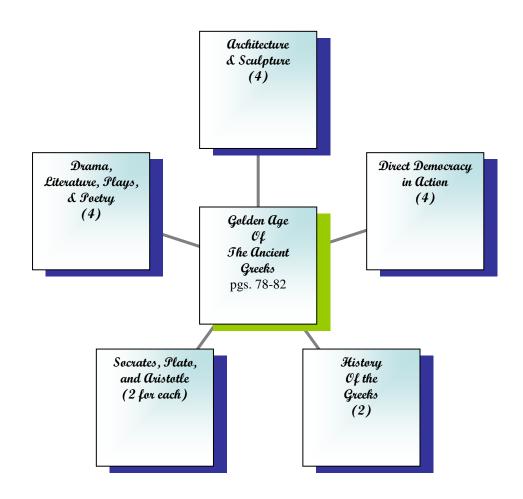
#### The Age of Pericles or the Golden Age of Greek Culture

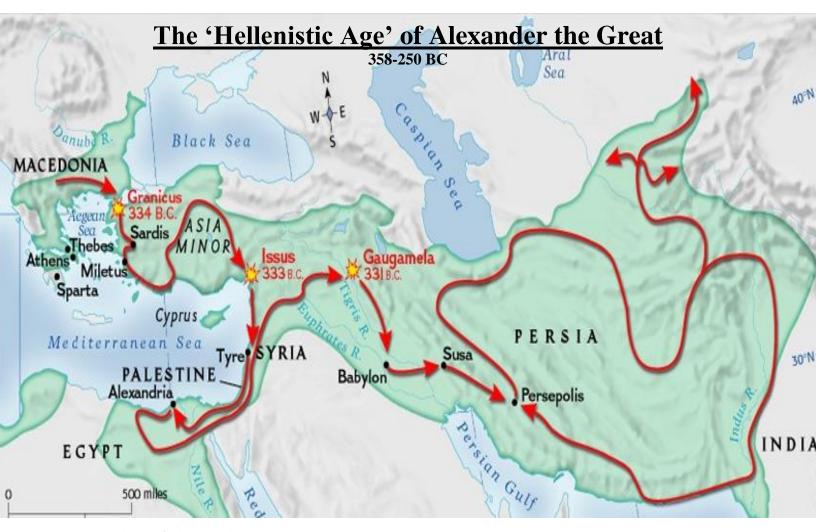
'Our constitution does not copy the laws of neighboring states; we are rather a pattern to others than imitators ourselves. Its administration favors the many instead of the few; this is why it is called a democracy. If we look to the laws, they afford equal justice to all in their private differences; if no social standing, advancement in public life falls to reputation for capacity, class considerations not being allowed to interfere with merit; nor again does poverty bar the way, if a man is able to serve the state, he is not hindered by the obscurity of his condition. The freedom which we enjoy in our government extends also to our ordinary life."

- Funeral Oration of **Pericles** recorded by **Thucydides** 



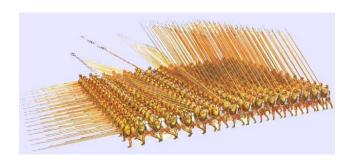
Who was Pericles (460-429 BC) Describe 4 of his Reforms



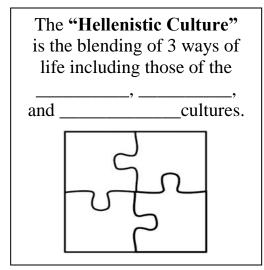


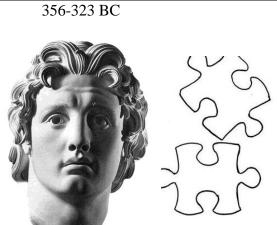
(Read/Highlight) Upon the Defeat of Athens including the deaths of both Pericles and Socrates at the end of the Peloponnesian Wars Greece began a long slow decline while the Empire of Persia was once again reborn. However, in the mountainous outer land of the Macedonia a rugged King named Phillip the Great (of Macedonia) would begin a plan change Greece forever. Explain who Phillip of Macedonia was, his Goal for the Mediterranean, and the Tactics that he would use to achieve that Goal.



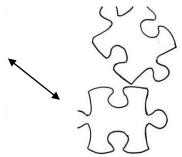


## The Life & Death of Alexander the Great





Label the Piece with the Name of the Civilization the NYS Regents will want to know.

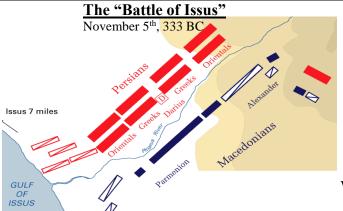


Alexander's Birth, Childhood, & Family	Name of his Tudor
Name of his Horse	In 336 BC At Age 20

Alexander's Strength 40,850 Total 13,000 Infantry 22,000 HI & 5,850 C.

Alexander's Strategy?

**Total losses at Issus** 



Darius II's Strength 135,000 in total

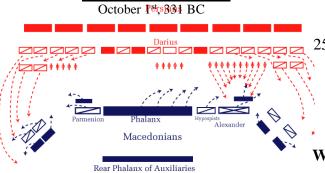
**Total losses at Issus** 

What Does Darius II Do?

# Alexander's Strength 47,000 including 8,000 C

Alexander's Strategy?

**Total losses at Gaugamela** 



"Battle of Gaugamela"

**Darius II's Strength** 250,000 including 42,000 C

What does Darius II do?

# The 'Hellenistic Age' of Alexander the Great

	T
What did Alex become once he was in Egypt 332 BC?	What did Alex become once he was in Babylon 323BC?
How Many Alexandria's were built and what did they look like?	Hellenistic Culture Advances include the following
Aristarchus	Review: Aristotle
Archimedes	Eratosthenes
Euclid	Hippocrates
Describe Alexander's Campaign in to India	How Did Alex Die on July 11 323 BC?
	What will the Problem now be for the Empire?









Locate and highlight the following locations:

Mediterranean Sea	Germania	Armenia	Rome
Black Sea	Gaul	Macedonia	Carthage
Adriatic Sea	Dacia	Egypt	Alexandria
North Sea	Sicily	Judea	Jerusalem

**4 Geographic Advantages** 

4 Geographic Disadvantages

## **Enduring Issue: Impact of Power on a Region?**

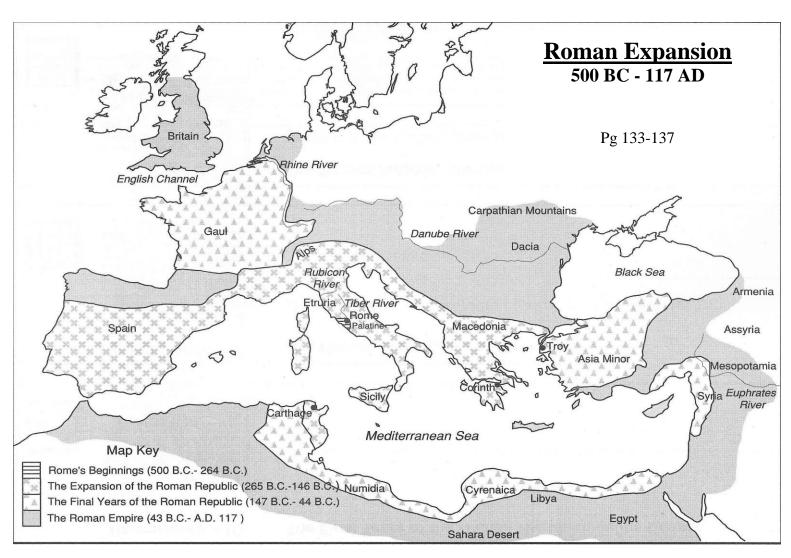
(Minimum of 7 sentences 15 points)

Describe how creation of the Roman Republic was able to take a small city state and turn it into the largest and longest lasting empire of the Mediterranean. Be sure to detail how the Republic operated including the class divisions, 12 Tables, the various branches, and if in fact the Republic is truly about the people.

## **Enduring Issue: Conflict and the Impact of Technology**

(Minimum of 7 sentences 15 points)

How was the Roman Empire able to maintain their control on the Empire? Describe how the Roman Military machine was able to expand while keeping the peace as you discuss the significance of the Auxillia, Legionaries, Generals, and their Tactics. his reign.



( <b>Read/Highlight</b> ) By the end of the 3 <sup>rd</sup> Puni	ic War the Rome began a policy of
Aggressive Imperialism or	
By 133 BC the numerous Roman victories i	n the region created an Empire that stretched
from Spain to Egypt leading some Senators	to refer to the Mediterranean Seas actually as
<i>'Mare Nostrum'</i> or	Unfortunately, the Roman way of
life was designed to function as a city not ar	n empire.

After completing the activity Roman Problems list and explain 5 **Problems** including 'Tax Farming' that began to occur as the Roman Empire expanded.

#### 1. Tax Farming or...

2.

**3.** 

4.

5.

## "Unit III: Classical Civilizations"

Mr. Meetze

Early Life, Career, and the 1<sup>st</sup> Triumvirate Conquest of Gaul 56-52 BC & the Roman Civil War 50 BC Roman Reforms as Dictator for Life 48-44 BC

GH9

# The Life and Death of Julius Caesar $100~\mathrm{BC}\text{-}44~\mathrm{BC}$



"Veni, Vidi, Vici"



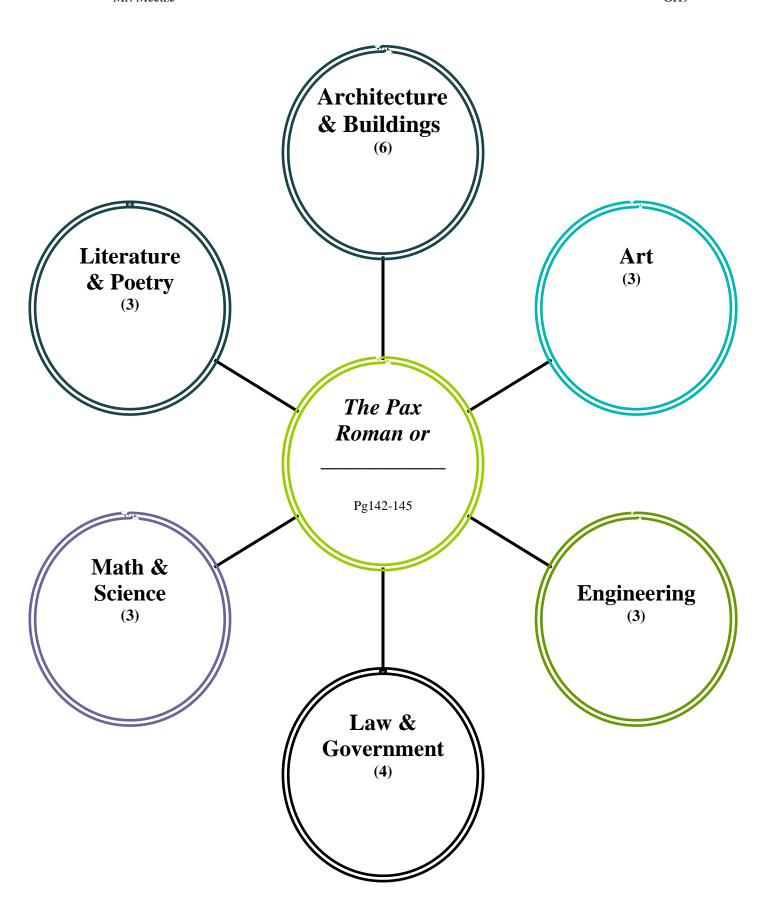
Cleopatra

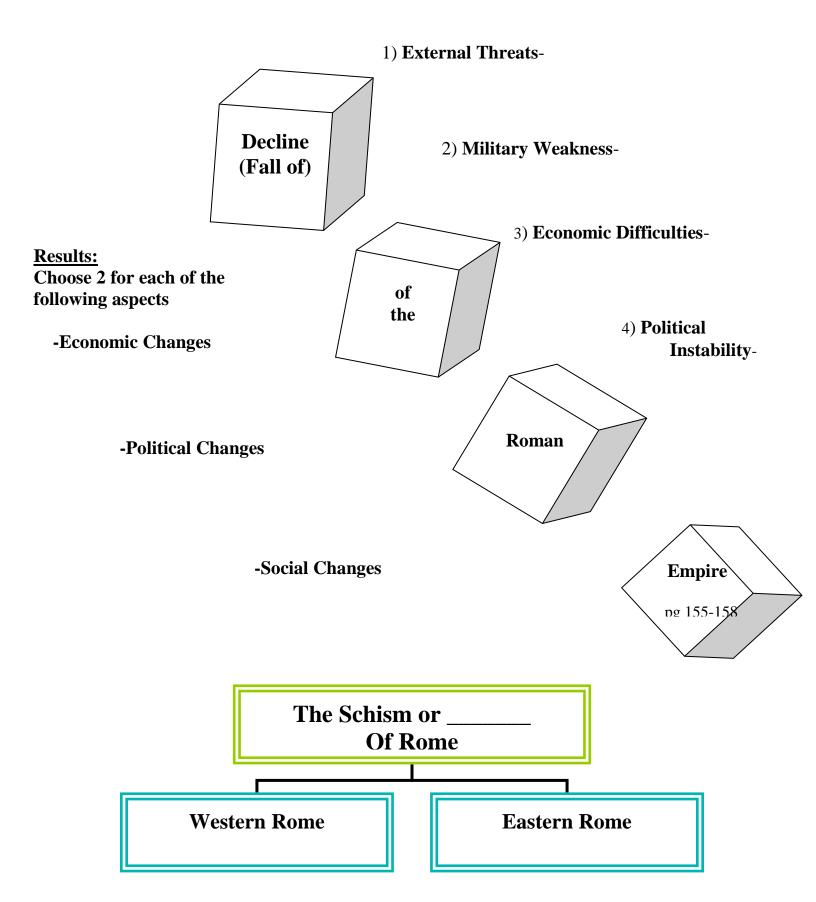


**Marc Anthony** 



Octavian 'Caesar' Augustus







#### **Geography of Latin America**

- ✓ Describe both the "Out of Africa Theory" of Human Migration and how the Siberian "Land Bridge" helped shape the development of the America's.
- ✓ Why must an 'Agricultural Revolution' always occur before the Rise of Civilizations throughout history? Where do most Early Civilizations begin?
- ✓ Describe how the **Andes Mountains** impacts the development of Latin America
- ✓ Describe how the **Amazon River Basin** impacts the development of L. America

Pg 276 -285

## **The Earliest Civilization: The Maya**

300 C.E. – 900 C.E.

Geography & Largest City	
Political System & Leaders	
Religious Beliefs	
Social Systems	
Art, Architecture, & Literature	
Engineering, Math, & Science	
Reason for Decline or Fall	